Determining Free Energy Differences Through Alchemical Transformations

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Background

Free energy (differences): Drive (almost) everything, e.g.:

- Conformational changes
- Protein folding
- Binding processes

$$G = -k_B T \ln \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-H(\mathbf{x})/k_B T} d\mathbf{x}$$

 $H(\mathbf{x})$: Hamiltonian of state \mathbf{x}

Image: Glycine dipeptide (Nakamura et al., 2014)



- Problem: Often high dimensional, cannot integrate over full phase space
- But for two systems: Often only difference required



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Free Energy Differences

✓ Use Perturbation Approach: Formally correct, but sufficient overlap of (high probability) conformational space required
✓ Solution: Use set of N_{int} intermediate systems ΔG = ∑_{i=1}^{N_{int}+1} ΔG_i



For two different molecules called Alchemical Transformation Reason: In the intermediate system we simulate with a parameter mix from the start and the end molecule



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Intermediate Systems - What is the Best Choice?

v So far: Linear interpolations of the start and end system

$$H_{int}(\mathbf{x}) = (1 - \lambda)H_A(\mathbf{x}) + \lambda H_B(\mathbf{x}) \ , \ \ 0 \leq \lambda \leq 1$$

But non-linear options also possible

Examples for two-step case can be found through variational calculus



Project Points and HPC component

1. Theoretical Analysis :

- Several intermediate steps
- Correlated sampling points
- 2. Implement :

Using GROMACS (GROningen MAchine for Chemical Simulations)

3. Apply :

Free energy calculations necessary for parametrization of labels used in FRET experiments

4. HPC Component :

For converged ΔG values, large sample sizes in many intermediate steps are required. New methods need to be implemented in a parallelized framework.

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